



Friction Stir Welding European Qualifications

CU2 – Pregătirea și definirea îmbinării

Operator FSW



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2. Pregătirea imbinării

- 2.1 – Metode de curatare
- 2.2 – Procese si dispozitive de masurare
- 2.3 – Dispozitive de pozitionare
- 2.4 – Programe FSW
- 2.5 – Parametri si limitele FSW
- 2.6 – Specificatia procedurii de sudare(WPS)
- 2.7 – Tipuri de unelte

2.1 – Metode de curatare

Curatarea imbinarilor:

- Un pas necesar in obtinerea unei suduri de calitate
- Se indeparteaza praful, unsoarea si umezeala
- Urmarile negative ale unei curatiri necorespunzatoare:
 - Rezistenta scazuta la oboseala
 - Ductilitate scuzuta local
 - Defecte volumetrice

Cele mai comune metode de curatare:

- ✓ Cu solvent si cu prosoape de hartie

Alte metode de curatare (mai rar folosite):

- ✓ Polizarea
- ✓ Cu peria de sarma
- ✓ Cu decapant

2.2 – Procese si dispozitive de masurare

2.2.1 – Procese de masurare

- Grosimea pieselor de sudat
- Variatia grosimii unei placi
- Pot aparea defecte geometrice din cauza unei masurari necorespunzatoare a grosimii si setarea gresita a unor parametri pentru compensarea nepotriviri grosimilor
- Cele mai folosite intr-un atelier:
 - Dispozitive mecanice: folosesc o abordare mai directa in compararea marginilor piesei cu o rigla

2.2 – Procese si dispozitive de masurare

2.2.2 – Dispozitive de masurare



Aparat de masurat grosimea

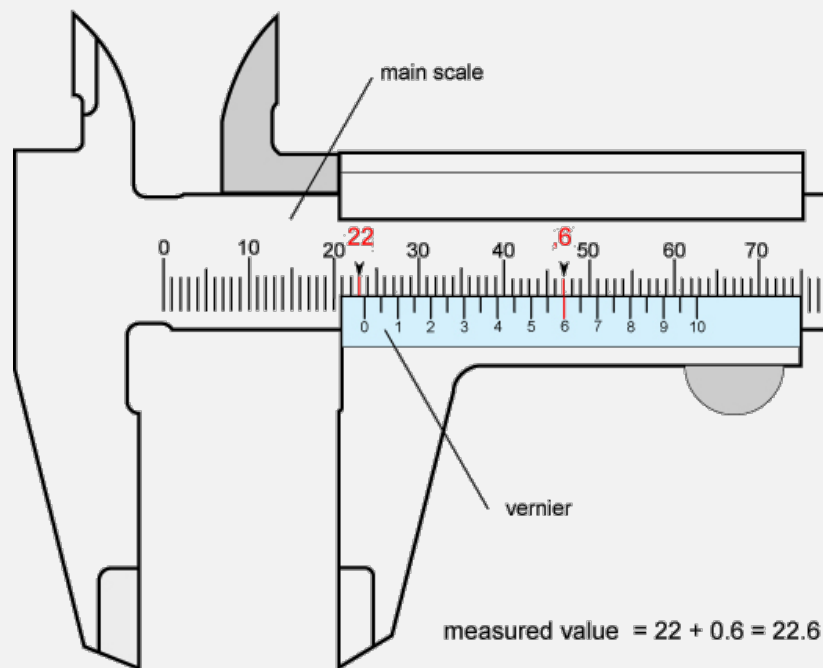


Subler

2.2 – Procese si dispozitive de masurare

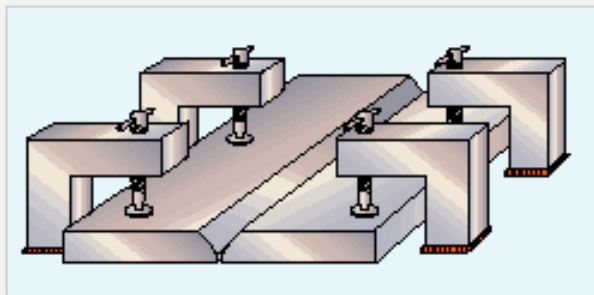
2.2.2 – Dispozitive de masurare

Cum se foloseste sublerul?

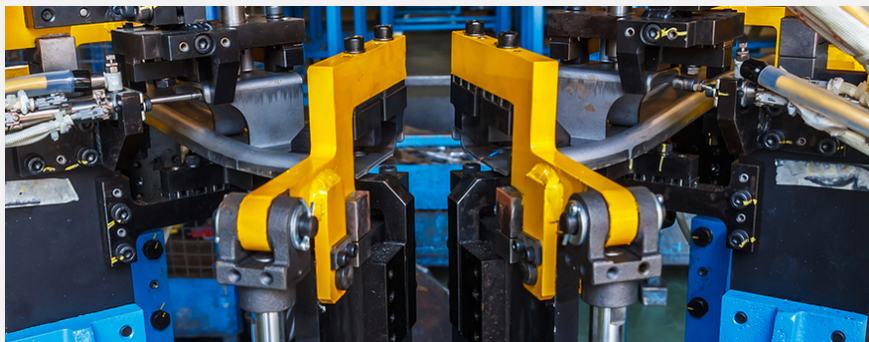


2.3 – Elemente de pozitionare

2.3.1 – Tipuri de montaje



Montaj pentru sudare (Courtesy of TWI)



Montaj pentru sudare (Courtesy of Tulsa Welding School)



Montaj pentru gaurire (Courtesy of Kreg)

2.3 – Elemente de pozitionare

2.3.2 – Elemente de fxare



Frame Railing



Railing Welding



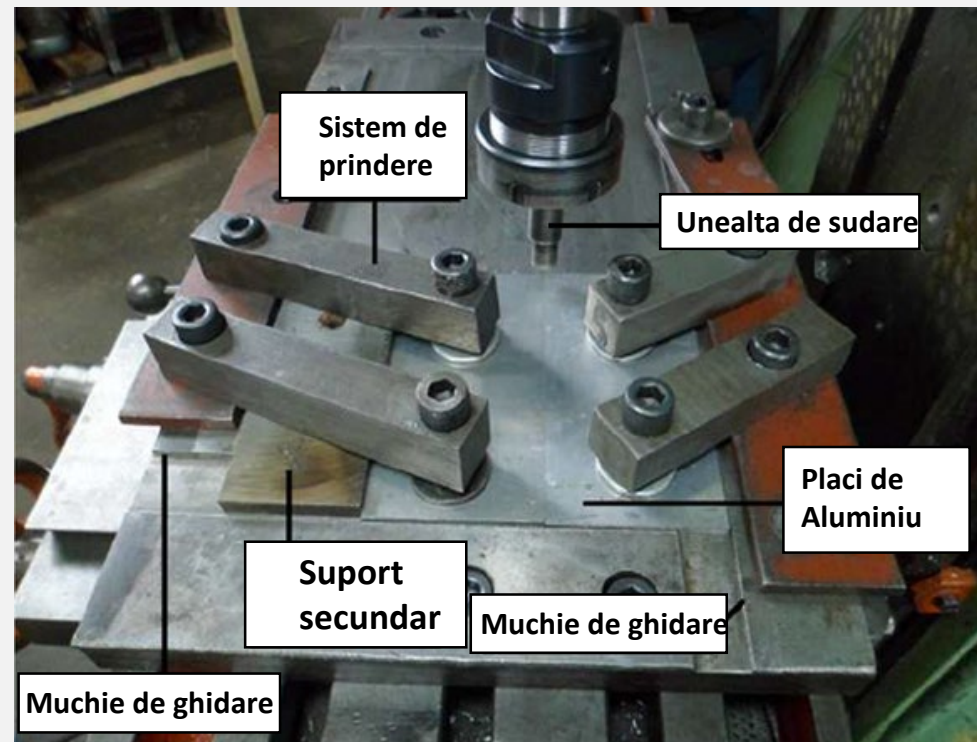
Fixare prin vid

2.3 – Elemente de pozitionare

2.3.3 – Sisteme de prindere

Tipuri de prindere:

- ✓ Prindere mecanica
- ✓ Prindere pneumatica si hidraulica
- ✓ Prindere prin vid
- ✓ Prindere magnetica
- ✓ Prindere electrostatica



2.3 – Elemente de pozitionare

2.3.4 – *Clamping Principles*

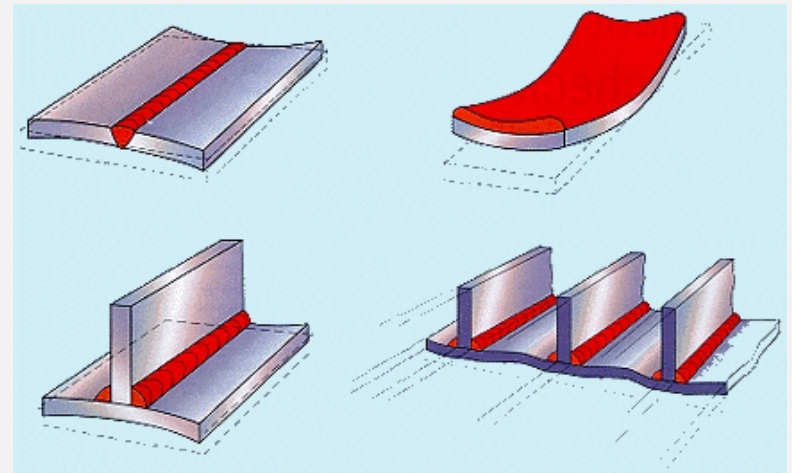
- ✓ **Pozitia** – forta de strangere trebuie aplicata pe o zona robusta si sustinuta a piesei de sudat
- ✓ **Rezistenta** – suficienta pentru a asigura o prindere sigura fara a deteriora piesa de sudat
- ✓ **Productivitate** – timpul de prindere ar trebui sa fie redus de folosirea butoanelor si manerelor pentru o productivitate mai mare
- ✓ **Ergonomie** – intreg procesul de prindere ar trebui sa fie usor accesibil pentru operatori, reducand astfel oboseala the whole process of clamping should be operator friendly, reducing fatigue
- ✓ Elementele de prindere ar trebui echipate cu paduri din fibre pentru a evita deteriorarea pieselor de sudat

2.3 – Elemente de pozitionare

2.3.5 – Influenta sistemului de prindere asupra sudurii

Factorii care influenteaza deformarea pieselor:

- ✓ Zona de fixare
- ✓ Timpul de fixare
- ✓ Timpul de inlaturare a fixarii
- ✓ Preincalzirea elementelor de fixare.



Tipuri de deformatii la piese sudate
(courtesy of TWI)

2.4 – Programe FSW

2.4.1 – Tipuri de programe FSW



Exemplu de echipament si panou de comanda

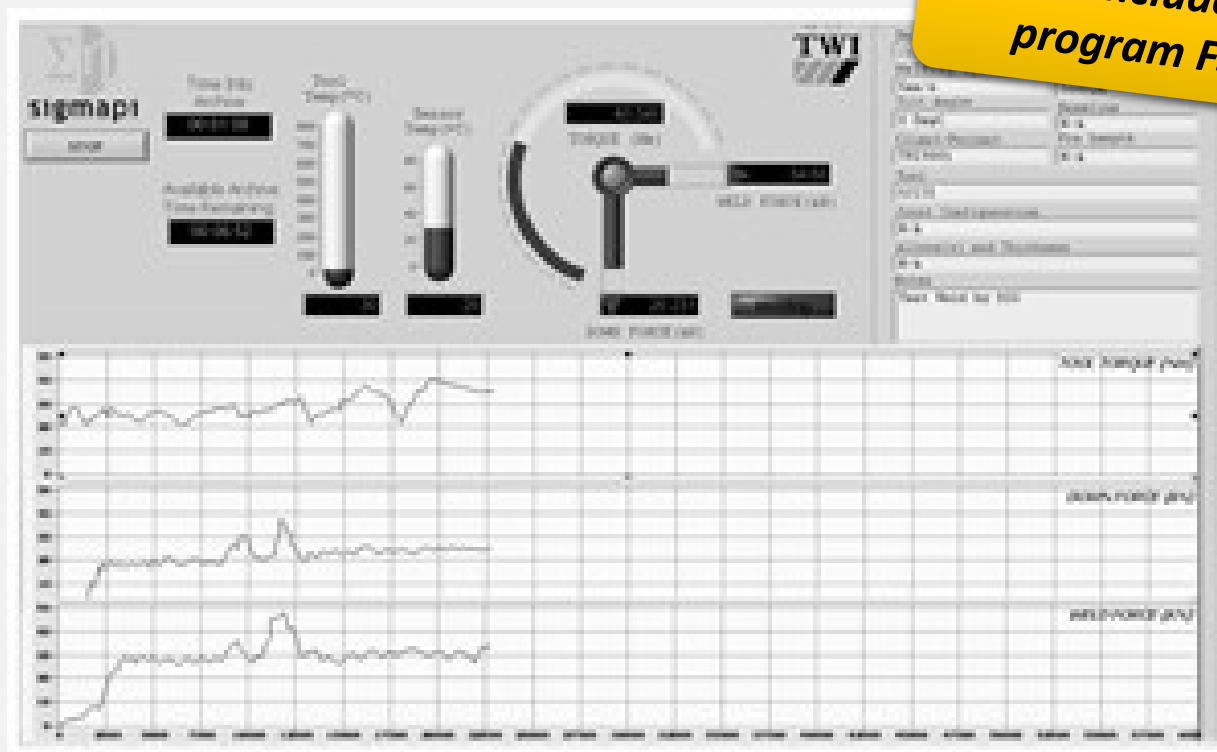
(Courtesy of Grenzebach)



Sistem de control dezvoltat pentru FSW
(Courtesy of ESAB)

2.4 – Programe FSW

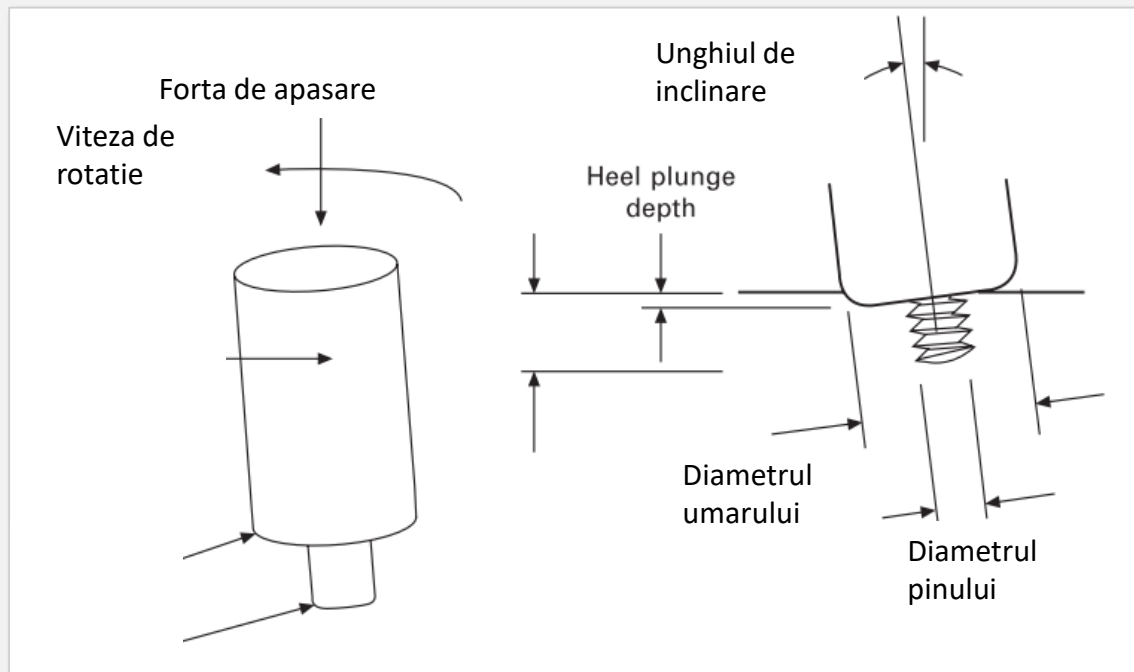
2.4.2 – Elementele de baza ale unui program FSW



Ce include un program FSW?

2.5 – Parametri si limite

2.5.1 – Sistemul de control



- ✓ Viteza de sudare sau viteza de deplasare
- ✓ Viteza de rotatie a uneltei
- ✓ Adancimea de plonjare
- ✓ Forța axiala sau forța de apăsare a uneltei
- ✓ Unghiul de inclinare a uneltei

2.6 – Specificatia procedurii de sudare (WPS)

Preliminary welding procedure specification

Manufacturer's pWPS No.: _____
 Manufacturer's WPQR No.: _____
 Friction stir welding operator's name: _____
 Parent material type, temper, and reference standard(s): _____
 Parent material thickness (mm): _____
 Outside diameter of tube (mm): _____
 Equipment identification (model, serial number, and manufacturer): _____
 Tool identification (sketch)¹⁾: _____
 Clamping arrangement (sketch)¹⁾: _____
 Tack welding: _____
 Joint preparation and cleaning methods: _____

Joint design

Joint design and joint configuration	Welding sequences
(Sketch) ¹⁾	

Welding details

Run	Tool motion, rotation speed r/min	Heel plunge depth mm or axial force kN	Tilt angle °	Side tilt angle °	Dwell time s	Welding speed mm/min others

Welding position: _____
 Pre-weld heat treatment: _____
 Preheating temperature (°C): _____ Preheat maintenance temperature (°C): _____
 Interpass temperature (°C): _____
 Shielding gas: _____ Designation: _____ Gas flow rate (l/min): _____
 Postweld processing: _____
 Postweld heat treatment: _____
 Time, temperature, method: _____
 Heating and cooling rates: _____
 Other information¹⁾ _____

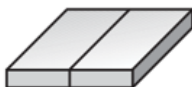

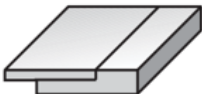
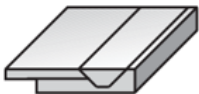

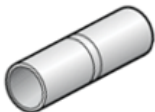
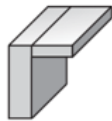
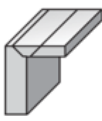
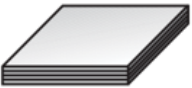

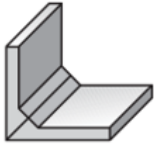
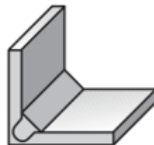
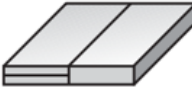
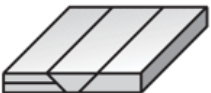
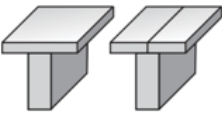
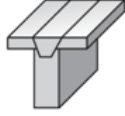
Manufacturer

Name, date and signature

1) If required.

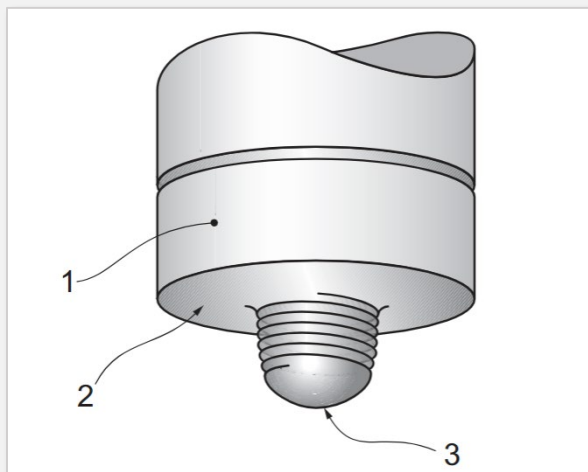
2.6 – WPS

2.6.1 – Tipul imbinarii

Joint Design	Before Welding	After Welding	Joint Design	Before Welding	After Welding
Butt joint			Lap + Butt joint		
Butt joint			Corner joint		
Lap joint			Corner joint		
Lap + Butt joint			T-joint		

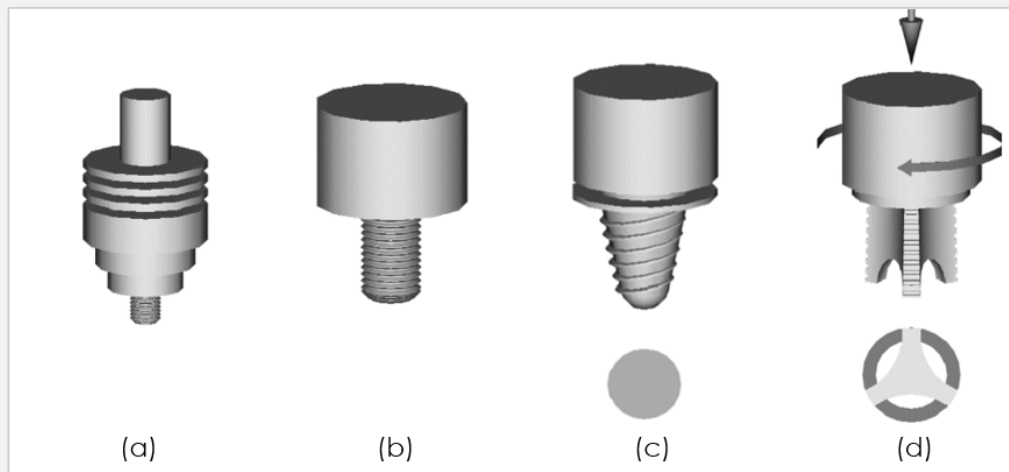
2.7 – Tipuri de unelte FSW

Unealta FSW



- 1 – Pisa de lucru
- 2 – Umar
- 3 – Pin

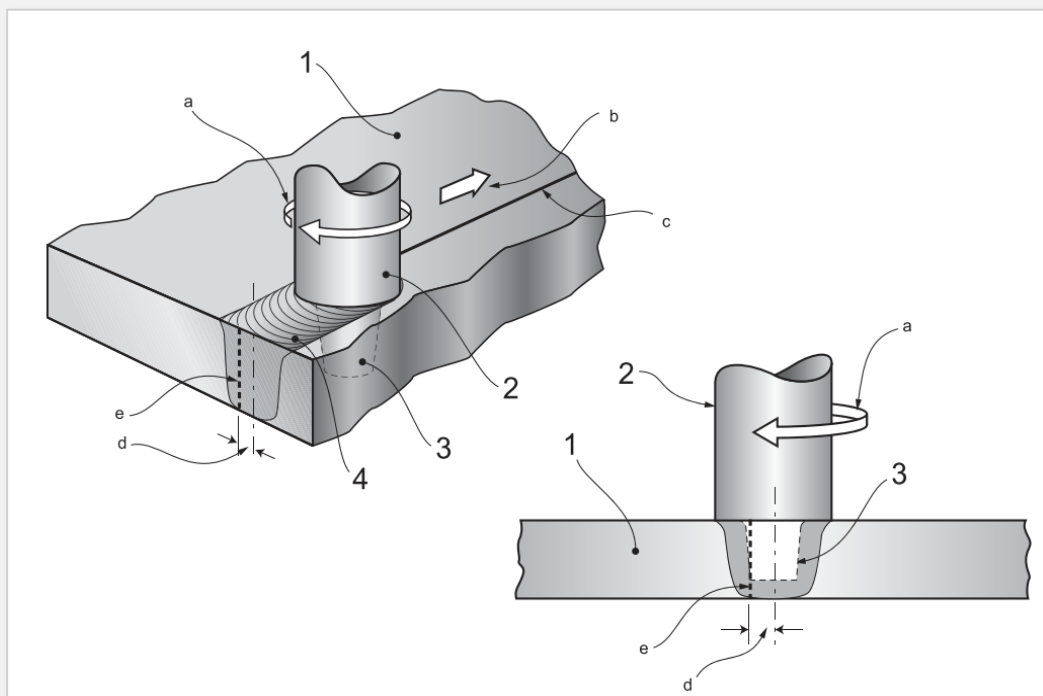
Forme ale uneltei FSW



- (a) Stepped shoulder with cylindrical threaded pin
- (b) Cu umar plat si cu pin cilindric filetat
- (c) Cu umar plat si cu pin conic
- (d) Pin trefilat

2.7 – Tipuri de unelte FSW

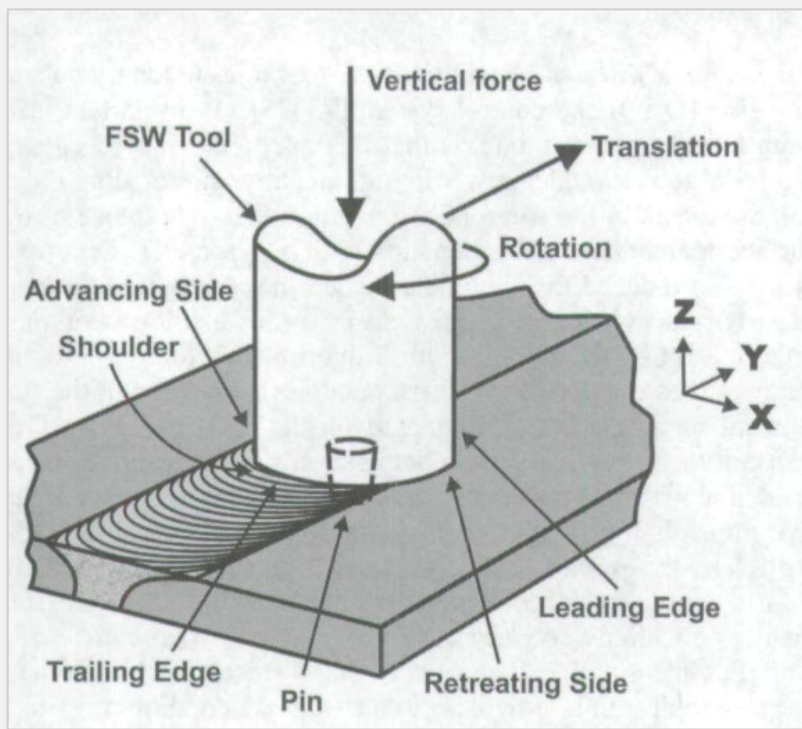
2.7.1 – Pozitionarea excentrica



1. Piesa de sudat
 2. Unealta
 3. Pin
 4. Suprafata sudurii
-
- a. Sensul de rotatie al uneltei
 - b. Directia de deplasare
 - c. imbinare
 - d. Excentricitate laterala
 - e. Pozitia imbinarii inainte de sudare

2.7 – Tipuri de unelte FSW

2.7.2 – Pozitia pe Z

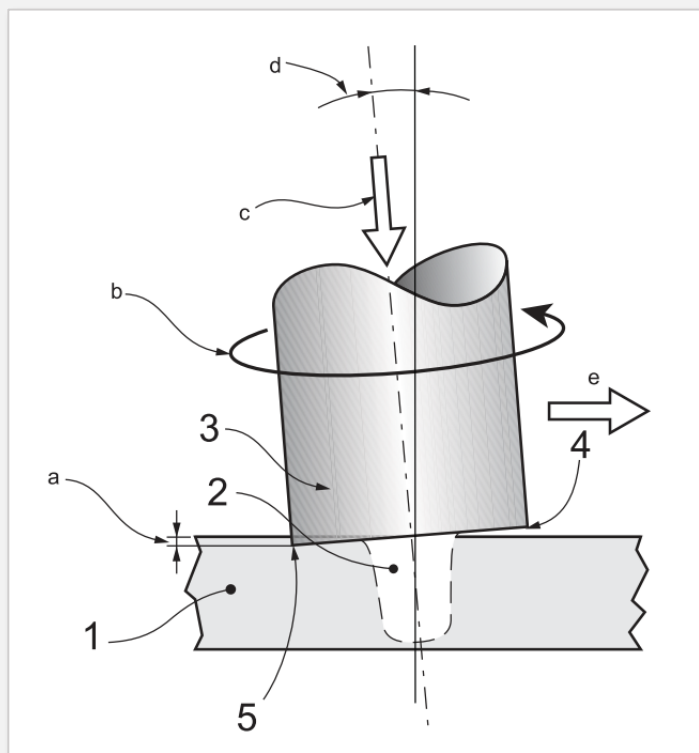


Pozitia pe z – este de obicei 0 la suprafata piesei de sudat

Fora aplicata pe axa z se numeste fora axiala

2.7 – Tipuri de pini

2.7.3 – Adancimea de plonjare



Distanta care umarul intra in materialul de baza

1. Piesa de sudat
 2. Pin
 3. Unealta
 4. Umar (unghi de inclinare)
 5. Heel (shoulder trailing edge)
-
- a. Adancimea umarului
 - b. Sensul de rotatie al uneltei
 - c. Forta axiala
 - d. Unghiul de inclinare
 - e. Sensul de sudare

2.8 – References

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